

### **ProtoADME**

ProtoADME is a computational (*in silico*) tool focused on the prediction of endpoints related with the ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion) of chemical substances.

## Endpoint

### Toxicokinetic: CYP450 2D6 inhibitor

The microsomal cytochrome P450 (CYP) family 4 monooxygenases are the major fatty acid omega-hydroxylases. These enzymes remove excess free fatty acids to prevent lipotoxicity, catabolize leukotrienes and prostanoids, and also produce bioactive metabolites from arachidonic acid omega-hydroxylation. In addition to endogenous substrates, recent evidence indicates that CYP4 monooxygenases can also metabolize xenobiotics, including therapeutic drugs. If a compound is a CYP inhibitor may decrease the metabolism of comedicated drugs.

# **Metrics**

Experimental values	QSAR predictions		
	Non-inhibitor	Inhibitor	
Non-inhibitor	116	16	
Inhibitor	45	268	

Training set

#### Validation set

Experimental values	QSAR predictions		
	Non-inhibitor	Inhibitor	
Non-inhibitor	38	17	
Inhibitor	37	107	

Parameters	Training	Validation
Accuracy	0.86	0.73
Sensitivity / recall	0.86	0.74
Specificity	0.88	0.69
Precision	0.94	0.86
Negative predictive value	0.72	0.51
F-score	0.90	0.80
Matthews Correlation Coefficient	0.70	0.40
Critical Success Index	0.81	0.66
Area under the ROC	0.87	0.72

ProtoADME is part of



ProtoPRED platform allows the easy, fast and user-friendly prediction of different properties of chemical compounds, using proprietary (Q)SAR models.

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